

# Creating R Package in Windows

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# Outline

- 1 Required software components
- 2 Package structure
- 3 Compiling the package

# Required software components

## Download and Install

- Rtools and accompanying components: perl, MinGW
  - ▶ Download and run *RtoolsXXX.exe* from CRAN
- LaTeX (Optional)
- Microsoft HTML Help Workshop (Optional)

## Set PATH for Windows

- Depending on the system (eg. Windows XP)

*Control Panel* → *System* → *Advanced* → *Environment Variables* → *PATH* → *edit*

- Edit your PATH variable (type or copy-paste) to include:

*C : \Rtools \ bin; C : \Rtools \ perl \ bin; C : \Rtools \ MinGW \ bin;*

*C : \Program Files \ R \ R - 2.12.2 \ bin;*

*C : \Program Files \ HTML Help Workshop;*

*C : \Program Files \ MiKTeX 2.8 \ miktex \ bin;*

## Checking installed components

- Open Command Prompt

*Start* → *Programs* → *Accessories* → *Command Prompt*

- Type the commands into the Command Prompt window to test whether you get correct output.
  - ▶ `path` Learn what your path variable looks like
  - ▶ `R.exe` Open up R, should boot up from any directory if you've done this correctly. `q()` to quit.
  - ▶ `gcc --help` Test MinGW.
  - ▶ `perl --help` Test Perl.
  - ▶ `Tex --help` Test Miktex.
  - ▶ `grep --help` Test to see that Rtools is connected.

## Package Structure

R library package is a set of directories, that, when named correctly, R will be able to load during Run-time as a library under the `library()` command.

- A file named **DESCRIPTION** with descriptions of the package, author, dependence, and license conditions in a structured text format.
- **man** : subdirectory of documentation files.
- **R** : subdirectory of R code.
- **data** : subdirectory of datasets(this is optional).

## Package Structure - Less common

- **src** : subdirectory of C, Fortran or C++ source.
- **tests** : for validation tests.
- **exec** : for other executables (eg Perl or Java).
- **inst** : for other stuffs.
- **configure**: script to check for other required software or handle differences between systems.

## R code

- Save the R function code as *functionname.R*
- The R-library name is then the same function name *functionname* without the extension *.R*

## Data

Save data using R data file extensions: *datafilename.Rdata*,  
*datafilename.Rda*



## Create Package Structure

- Start R and run the command `package.skeleton()`
- Make sure the current directory is set where you want to create the package or use `setwd()`.
- To create a library called "copula", use the command

```
package.skeleton(name = "copula", code_files = "copula.R")
```

## Create Package Structure

The command `package.skeleton` generate a directory `copula` and several sub-directories and files.

- Sub-directories
  - 1 **R** includes the function code `copula.R`
  - 2 **man** includes `copula.Rd` and `copula-package.Rd`
  - 3 **data** (create manually and paste data file)
- Files
  - 1 **DESCRIPTION**
  - 2 **Read-and-delete-me.**
- Edit the sub-directories and files so that they contain the right information.

## Compiling the package for Windows

- Compile the package into a zip file: use DOS prompt and go to the directory containing your package.

- To process the library package there are three commands of form

R CMD command *packagename*

- ▶ **build:** packs everything into an archive file *packagename\_1.0.tar.gz* or

R CMD build *packagename*

- ▶ **check:** runs a battery of tests on the package.

R CMD check *packagename*

- ▶ **INSTALL:** installs the package into a library and makes it available for usage in R.

R CMD INSTALL *packagename\_1.0.tar.gz*

- ▶ To compile the package into a zip file

R CMD INSTALL -- build *packagename*

## Building a package for other operating systems

Use commands

- `package.skeleton(name = "packagename", code_files = "packagename.R")`
- R CMD command `packagename`

## Compiling C and FORTRAN codes

- Use DOS command: R CMD SHLIB `ccode.c`
- Use into R function code  
`dyn.load(ccode.dll)`  
`.C()`

## Putting your package on CRAN

- Upload the `tar.gz` file to `ftp://CRAN.R-project.org/incoming/` using anonymous as login name and your e-mail address as password.
- Send a message to `CRAN@R-project.org` about it.

*Thank You !*